

GLOBAL 10



Chapter 28: Transformations Around the Globe

Section 1: China Resists Outside Influence
Section 2: Modernization in Japan

CHAPTER Twenty-Eight

SEC. 1

The Boxer Rebellion

- Wide Spread Frustration led to violence as peasants resented special privileges granted to Foreigners and Chinese Christians Recently Converted
- Boxers or Society of Righteous + Harmonious Fists was Secret organization against the Dowager.
- Spring 1900 attack Beijing and Kept it under Siege for months including European Section.
- The Dowager Supports Boxers but w/out Military
- August 1900 a Multinational Force defeats Boxers But not Sense of Nationalism
- More Determined to Resist Foreign Influence
- Chinese govt Needs to be More Responsive

Upurge in Chinese Nationalism

- China Humiliated + Embarrassed by loss of power + Demand Strong Reforms
- Guangxu was China's Young Emperor who introduces Reforms in 1898 to Modernize
- Tried to Reorganize Educational System, Economy, Military + Streamline govt.
- Qing Officials object + Restore Dowager Empress Cixi to power who arrests Guangxu + reversed his reforms + frustrated the Chinese.

Sphere of Influence

- Foreign Nations Control Trade + Investment
 - US afraid Europe would divide up China into colonies w/out US Involvement
- Open Door Policy: 1899 By USA
- Proposed China's Doors Remain open to Trade
 - European Nation agreed + Trading Rights in China remain along w/ China's Freedom from Colonization.

- Japan also would face pressure from West

- China experiences unrest for next 4 decades with Internal + External Threats

- 1908 Dowager announces full Constitution would be signed by 1917.

- 1906 Study Group recommends Japan's Constitutional Monarchy

- 1905 The Dowager sends select group to study other govt's.

Beginning of Reform

China
Resists
OUTSIDE
Influence

Resistance to Change

- Dowager Empress Cixi 1860-1908 wants "Heavenly Kingdom of Great Peace"
- She supported some reforms in 1860's
- By modernizing military + industry w/mix results
- It was known as Self-Strengthening Movement
- Other nations step in + attack China for control of China's Economy + Sphere of Influence Status

China + the West

- Chinese look down on Foreigners = Xenophobia

China was Self-Sufficient

- Healthy Agriculture

- Able to feed Big Population

- Manufacturing + Mining

- Silks, Cotton, Porcelain

- Qing Dynasty 1793 = last dynasty before rebellion.

Tea-Opium Connection: Started

with Balance of Trade in favor of China

Europe looks for desired trade by China

OPIUM = Narcotic for pain but by 1835

12 million Chinese addicted to opium

WAR BREAKS OUT: Qing Emperor Angry

- Britain refused to stop trading opium
- 1839 OPIUM WAR = Sea battles against China's outdated ships, and lost modern British ships
- 1842 TREATY OF NANIING = Hong Kong + Extraterritorial Rights

Growing Internal Problems

- Overpopulation + food production = issue
- Hunger was widespread even in good days
- Many were discouraged as Opium Addiction Rose steadily and many began to rebel against Qing Dynasty.

Taiping Rebellion: 1851 "Great Peace"

- Hong Xiuquan from Guangdong Province, wants "Heavenly Kingdom of Great Peace"
- Organizes massive peasant army
- Captures City of Nanjing + declares it Capital City
- He left trust people to govern but corruption + British, French
- Qing Dynasty brought down Taiping govt.

Foreign Influence Group

- Taiping Rebellion + several smaller uprisings brought pressure on Qing Dynasty
- Debates over whether to Westernize or not

CHAPTER Twenty-Eight

SEC. 2

Japan Occupies Korea

- 1905 Made Korea a protectorate and sent advisors to get power from Korean govt.
- Korean King Unable to rally International Support
- 1907 Korea falls to Japan
- 1909 Korean Army disbanded
- 1910 Japan annexed or took Korea as its own territory

- Koreans Counter with Strong Nationalist Movement
- START INDUSTRIES IN Korea + forbade Koreans From going into Business
- Gave Japanese Settlers land rights to Korean Farms
- Shutdown Korean Newspapers + Forced Japanese Culture on them
- Japanese were Harsh

Japan Ends Its Isolation

By 17th Century Japan isolated itself - Xenophobia
Tokugawa Shogunate created Rigid Feudal State

Demand for Foreign Trade:

- 19th Century West Attempts to Trade w/ Japan with no results.
- 1853 US Commodore Matthew Perry Sails into Tokio Bay w/ Gun Ships
- Shogun accepts president Filmore's letter requesting Trade with Japan
- Perry would return in a yr. for reply

Treaty of Kanagawa 1854: 2 ports open for US ships + soon other Western Nations

• By 1860 Several Treaty Ports + Extra-territorial Rights given to many Western Nations

Annexation

Modernization in Japan

Russo-Japanese War

- Sino-Japanese war changed Balance of Power in the world - Russia + Japan
- Both go to war over Manchuria
- 1903 Japan Recognizes Russia's Right to Manchuria if they stay out of Korea
- 1904 Japan Surprise attacks Russian ships off coast of Manchuria
- Japan Captures Russia's Pacific fleet, Japan's Race to Modernize paid off.
- 1905 Treaty of Portsmouth gave Japan Korea + Manchuria

Imperial Japan

Meiji Reform + Modernization

- Japanese people angry with Shogun
- Mutsuhito = Young Emperor asked by people to restore Sense of Pride + Nationalism.
- 1867 Tokugawa Shogun Steps Down
- Mutsuhito took control of govt + called it Meiji Era or "Enlightened Rule" which wanted to Modernize = lasted 45 yrs
- Adopted Best that West had to offer.
- Used Germany's Strong Central govt and discipline of their army
- Used Britain's Navy Skills
- By 20th Century have modern Military + Industry

Japan Attacks China

- 1876 Force Korea to open 3 ports
- China has similar Interest in Korea
- 1875 Pledge by Both to NOT Invade Korea
- 1894 China broke Agreement when they came to aid of Korean King to put down Internal Rebellion
- Japan Complains + Sends troops to Korea
- Sino-Japanese War erupts + lasts few months
- Japan drove China out, destroys China's Navy + gets Manchuria +

Meiji ERA

- Develop Modern Industries such as Shipbuilding which made Japan Competitive with the West
- Built major Railroad System 7000 miles that moved Coal production.
- Thousands of Factories Built